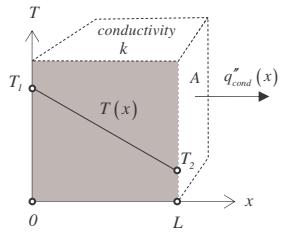


3.1

PLANE WALL

1-D STEADY STATE CONDUCTION w/o heat generation ($\dot{q} = 0$)



Heat Equation:

$$\frac{\partial^2 T}{\partial x^2} = 0$$

boundary conditions:

$$T(0) = T_1$$

$$T(L) = T_2$$

Solution of BVP:

$$T(x) = (T_2 - T_1) \frac{x}{L} + T_1$$

temperature gradient

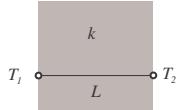
$$\frac{\partial}{\partial x} T(x) = \frac{T_2 - T_1}{L}$$

rate of heat transfer

$$q = \frac{kA}{L} (T_1 - T_2) = \frac{T_1 - T_2}{R_{cond}}$$

Thermal Resistance

conduction



resistance

$$R_{cond} = \frac{L}{kA}$$

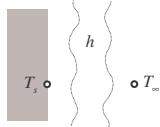
rate of heat transfer

$$q = \frac{T_1 - T_2}{R_{cond}}$$

thermal circuit



convection

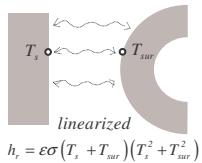


$$R_{conv} = \frac{L}{hA}$$

$$q = \frac{T_s - T_\infty}{R_{conv}}$$

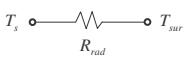


radiation

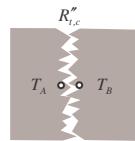


$$R_{rad} = \frac{L}{h_r A}$$

$$q = \frac{T_s - T_{sur}}{R_{rad}}$$

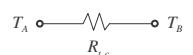


contact resistance



$$R''_{t,c} = \frac{T_A - T_B}{q_x''}$$

$$q = \frac{T_A - T_B}{\frac{R''_{t,c}}{A}}$$



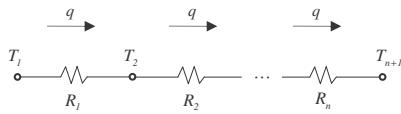
Thermal Circuit

for plane system, q is the same for any layer between two temperatures

$$q = \frac{T_1 - T_{n+1}}{R_{tot}}$$

equivalent thermal circuit

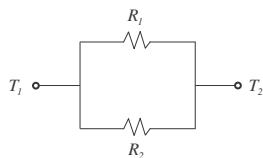
series



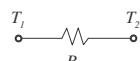
$$R_{tot} = R_1 + \dots + R_n$$



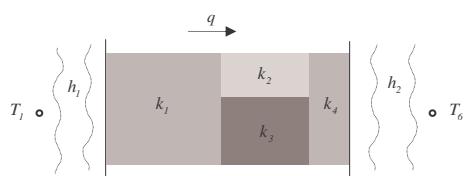
parallel



$$\frac{1}{R_{tot}} = \frac{1}{R_1} + \dots + \frac{1}{R_n}$$



Composite Wall

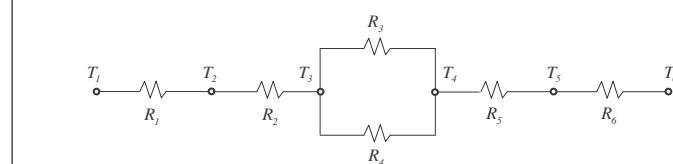


overall heat transfer coefficient rate of heat transfer

$$U = \frac{1}{A \cdot R_{tot}}$$

$$q = U \cdot (T_1 - T_6) \cdot A$$

$$q = \frac{T_1 - T_6}{R_{tot}}$$



$$R_{tot} = R_1 + R_2 + \frac{1}{\frac{1}{R_3} + \frac{1}{R_4}} + R_5 + R_6$$

